

Apache Camel 소개

(Enterprise Integration Pattern)

패턴 언어

“ 각각의 패턴은 우리를 둘러싸고 있는 환경에서 반복적으로 나타나는 특정한 문제와 그에 대한 해결책을 설명한다. 그리고 그 해결책은 계속 사용될 수 있기 때문에 동일한 과정을 반복할 필요가 없다.”

- 크리스토퍼 알렉산더 'A Pattern Language'

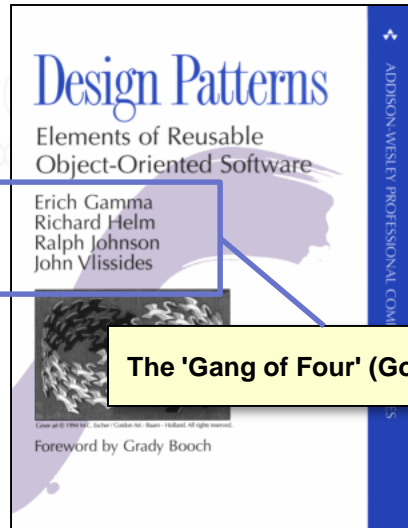
패턴은

- 자주 접하는 '**문제**'와 그 '**해법**'을 쌍으로 구성해,
특정 문제에 대한 **검증된 스키마**를 제공하여 손쉽게 **재활용**
- 설계나 구현에 대한 **Communication**시 공통 **Vocabulary** 역할
- **경험**을 통해 축적된 실무 지식을 효과적으로 요약하고 **전달**
- 추상적인 **원칙**과 **코드** 작성에 가이드 역할

Application Performance Management

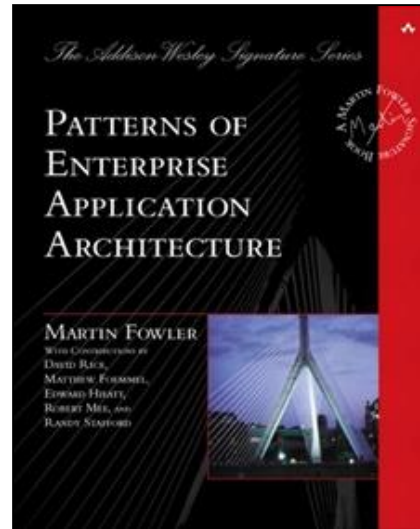
Enterprise Integration Pattern

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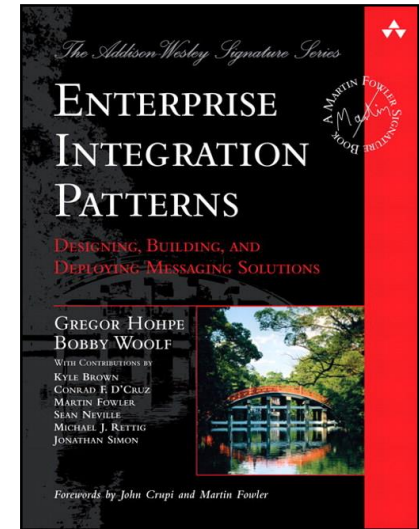


The 'Gang of Four' (GoF) book

- Adapter
- Facade
- Proxy
- Observer
- ...



- Gateway
- Model/View/Controller
- Registry
- Repository
- Service Layer
- ...



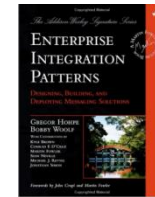
- Aggregator
- Content Filter
- Recipient List
- Request/Reply
- Publish-Subscribe Channel
- ...

- Common architectural patterns that have emerged over time
- Technology-agnostic – **Technologies can change** (C/C++/Java/Scala?) over time, but **patterns remain consistent**
- Documenting them and naming them provides **a common vocabulary for design discussions**
- Architecture of entire enterprise can often be described in terms of **combinations of these patterns**

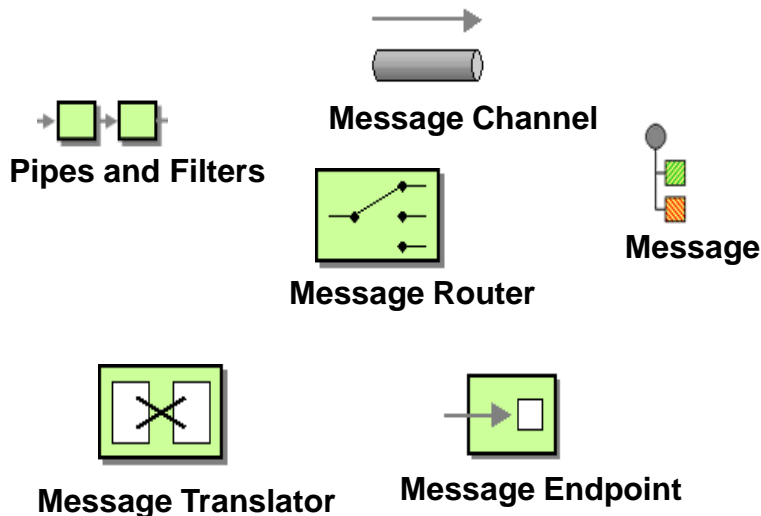
- 범용적인 설계 패턴을 GoF 디자인 패턴으로서 정의한 것처럼, 엔터프라이즈 통합의 패턴을 정의

엔터프라이즈 통합
Knowhow

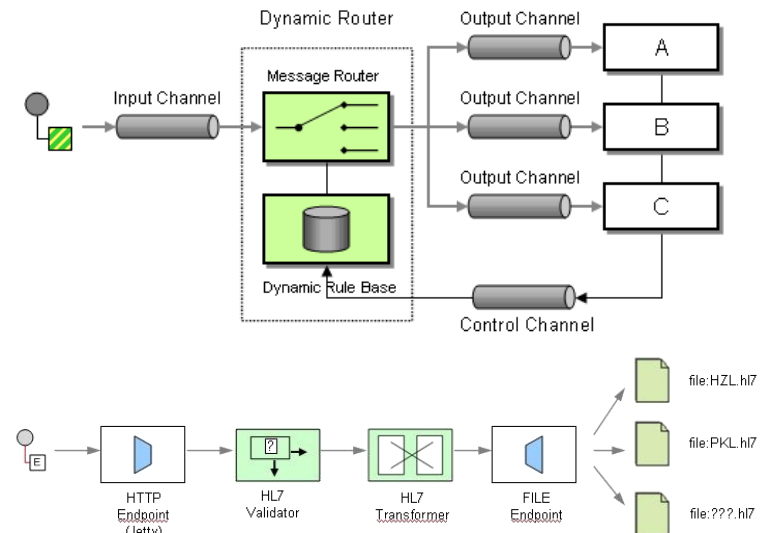
범용적인
패턴



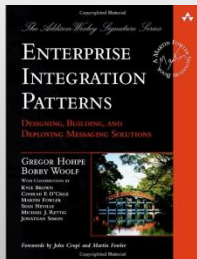
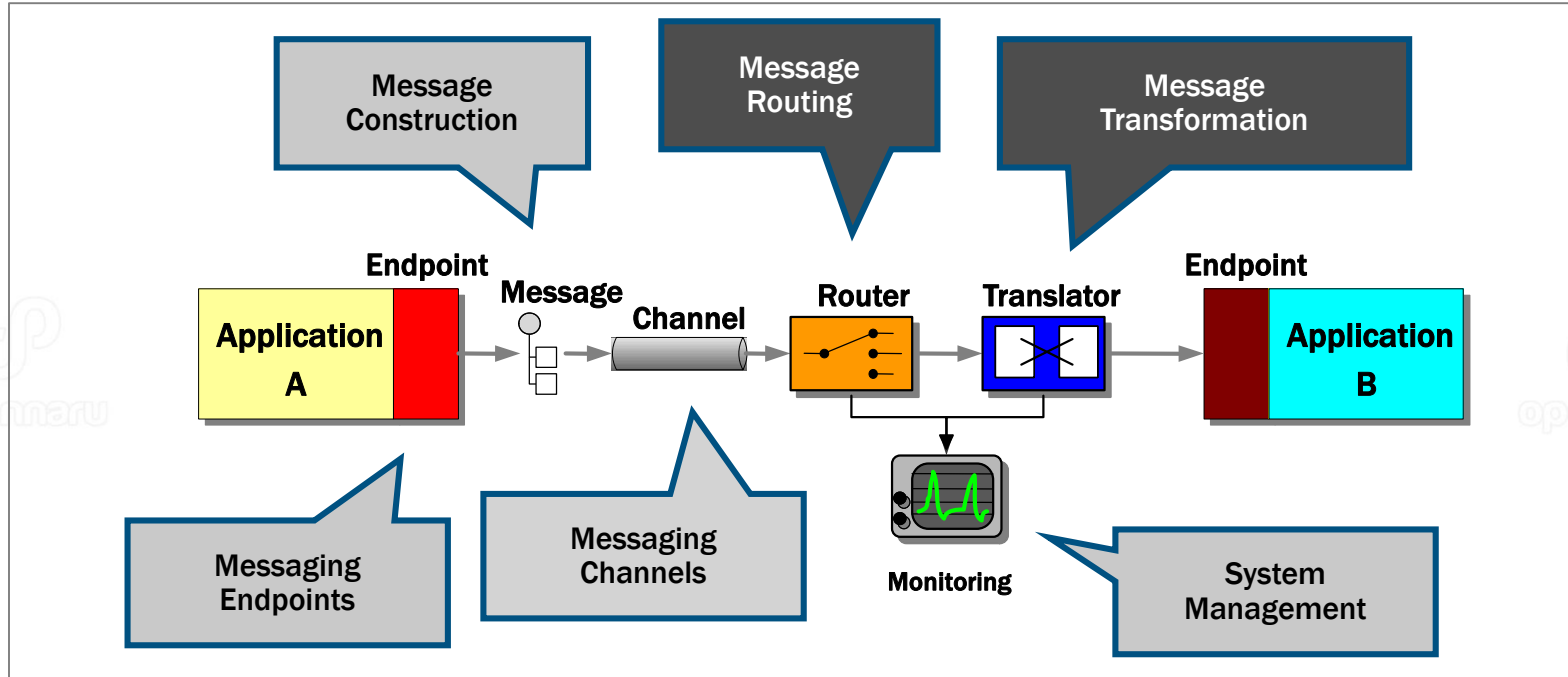
필요한 기능을 정의



이용 시 주의 사항을 정리

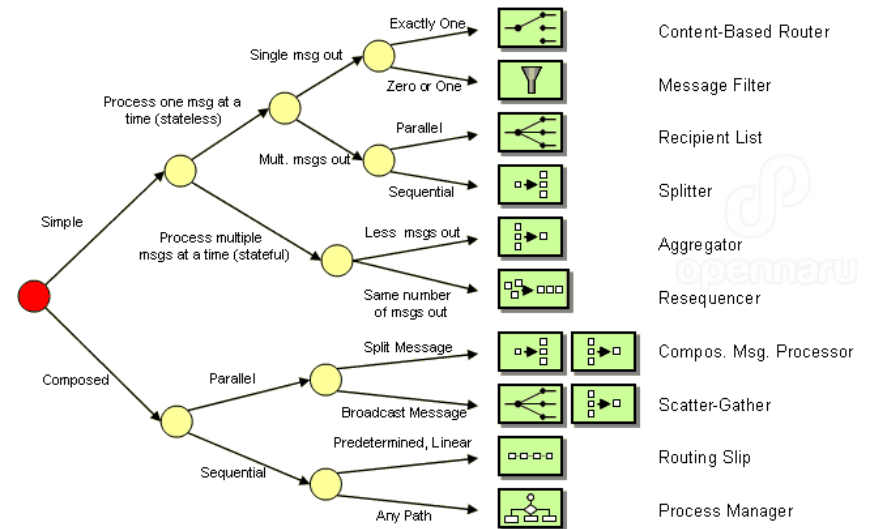
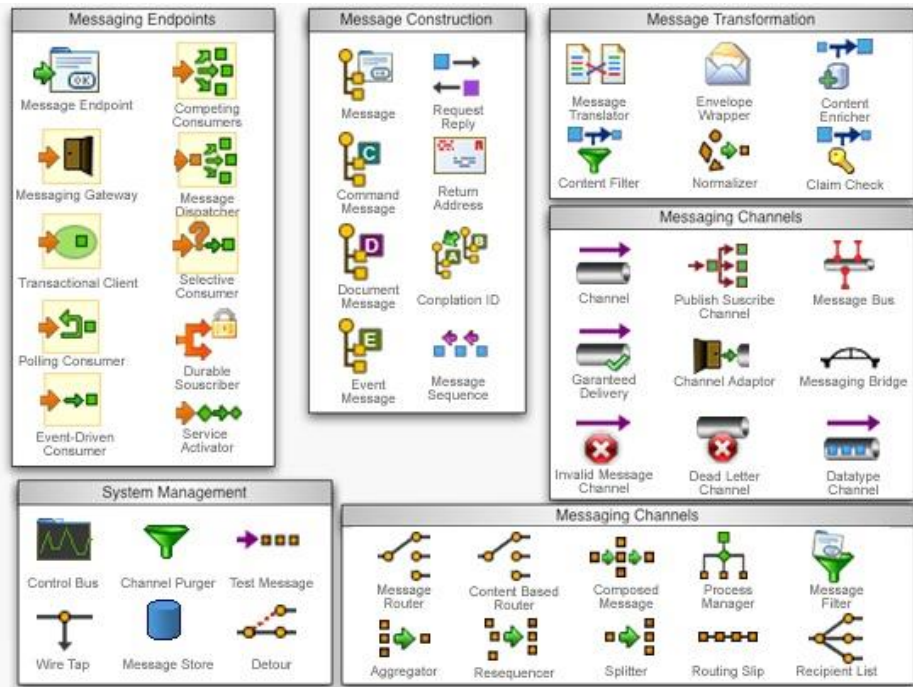


- Visual pattern language for message-based enterprise integration solutions
- Pattern language comprises of **65 patterns in 6 categories**

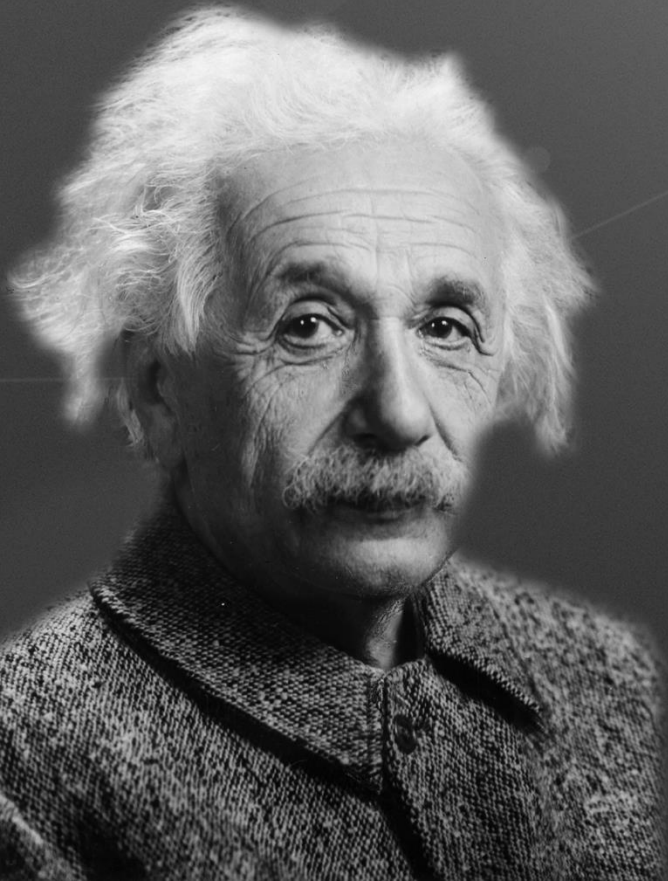


- A Book by Gregor Hohpe and Booby Woolf (2003)
- Patterns and Recipes for common integration problems
- Message Centric
- Used as the basis for all the major integration products
- Should be the the first thing to reference when starting an integration project

- 기업 분산 컴퓨팅 환경에서 시스템 간 통신, 데이터 교환 아키텍처의 디자인(밀그림) 문제에 대한 해결책을 문서화하는 정식 방법



Pattern Catalog



**“The measure of intelligence is
the ability to change”**

- *Albert Einstein*

Application Performance Management

Camel Introduction

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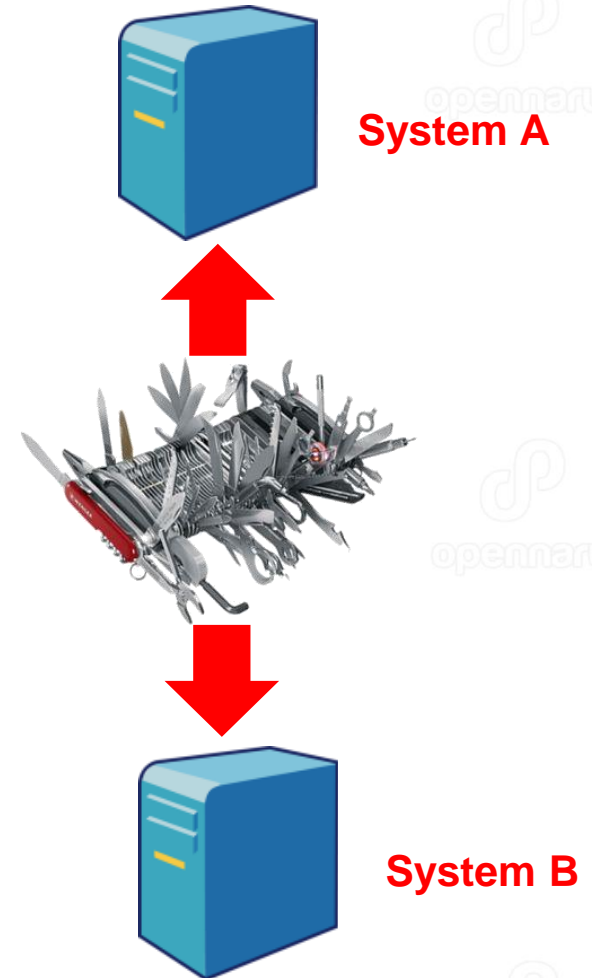
Concise
Application
Messaging
Exchange
Language

Apache Camel is a powerful **Open Source Integration Framework** based on known **Enterprise Integration Patterns**

<http://camel.apache.org/why-the-name-camel.html>

Summary

- Integration framework
- Enterprise Integration Patterns (EIP)
 - DSL을 이용한 Integration 표현
- 손쉬운 구성 (endpoints as URIs)
 - 메시지 채널, Endpoint
- No heavy specification
- Light Weight - Any 컨테이너
 - 거의 모든 자바 기반 컨테이너에 배포
- 100+ Camel 컴포넌트, 타입 변환



The Swiss army knife of Open source integration

- Apache Camel은 EIP를 구현하는 통합 프레임워크
 - 어플리케이션 설계와 개발을 용이해짐
- EIP를 엔드포인트와 프로세서로 구현
 - 엔드 포인트
 - 외부 연계 인터페이스(File나 JMS 등)
 - Camel 엔드 포인트는 URI로 표현
예) file:data/input
- 프로세서
 - 데이터 변환이나 라우팅 그리고 메시지 처리를 하는 것
 - 프로세서는 여러 개를 연결하여 처리
- 메시지 플로우를 라우트(route)로 정의
 - 라우트는 엔드 포인트와 프로세서의 연쇄에 의해 구성되는 메시지 플로우
 - Apache Camel에서는 라우트는 DSL (Domain Specific Language)로 표현
 - Java 또는 XML



순수 자바 코드로 작성

```
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.OutputStream;

public class FileCopier {

    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
        File inboxDirectory = new File("data/inbox");
        File outboxDirectory = new File("data/outbox");

        outboxDirectory.mkdir();

        File[] files = inboxDirectory.listFiles();
        for (File source : files) {
            if (source.isFile()) {
                File dest = new File(
                    outboxDirectory.getPath()
                    + File.separator
                    + source.getName());
                copyFile(source, dest);
            }
        }

        private static void copyFile(File source, File dest)
            throws IOException {
            OutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(dest);
            byte[] buffer = new byte[(int) source.length()];
            FileInputStream in = new FileInputStream(source);
            in.read(buffer);
            try {
                out.write(buffer);
            } finally {
```

Java DSL 로 작성

```
import org.apache.camel.CamelContext;
import org.apache.camel.builder.RouteBuilder;
import org.apache.camel.impl.DefaultCamelContext;

public class FileCopierWithCamel {

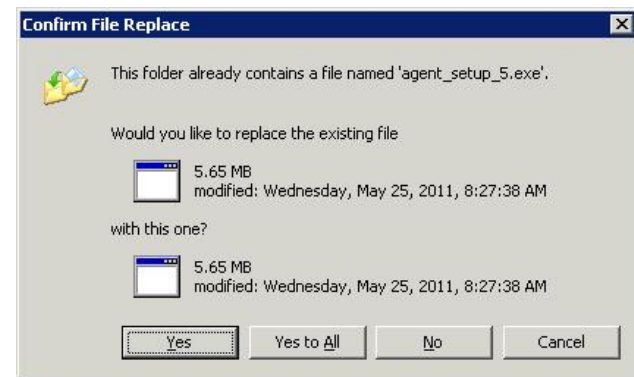
    public static void main(String args[])
        throws Exception {
        // create CamelContext
        CamelContext context
            = new DefaultCamelContext();

        // add our route to the CamelContext
        context.addRoutes(new RouteBuilder() {
            public void configure() {
                from("file:data/inbox?noop=true")
                    .to("file:data/outbox");
            }
        });
        // start the route and let it do its work
        context.start();
        Thread.sleep(10000);
        // stop the CamelContext
        context.stop();
    }
}
```



그런데 , 보통은 좀 더 요건이 복잡...

- 1분 마다 파일이 있는지 체크하는 것
- 날짜로 파일명 만들기
- .doc 로 확장자가 붙은 파일은 무시하기
- 동일한 파일명이 있는 경우는 무시하는 것
- 서브 폴더도 검색
- 복사가 아니고 이동으로 변경하고 백업도 수행
- 등등



- The File component provides access to file systems, allowing files to be processed by any other Camel Components or messages from other components to be saved to disk.

확장명이 .doc인 파일은 무시

1분마다 파일 유부 확인

.done 폴더에 백업

```
public class FileToFileRoute extends RouteBuilder {  
    @Override  
    public void configure() throws Exception {  
        from("file:data/inbox?delay=60000 & exclude=*.doc$ & move=.done &  
            noop=false & idempotent=true & recursive=true")  
        .to("file:data/outbox?fileName=${date:now:yyyy-MM-dd}_${file:name}");  
    }  
}
```

복사가 아닌 파일 옮기기

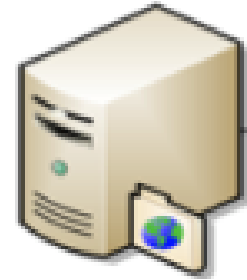
동일한 파일명이 있는 경우는 무시

출력 파일명에는 일자를 부여

서브 폴더도 검색



Apache
ActiveMQ

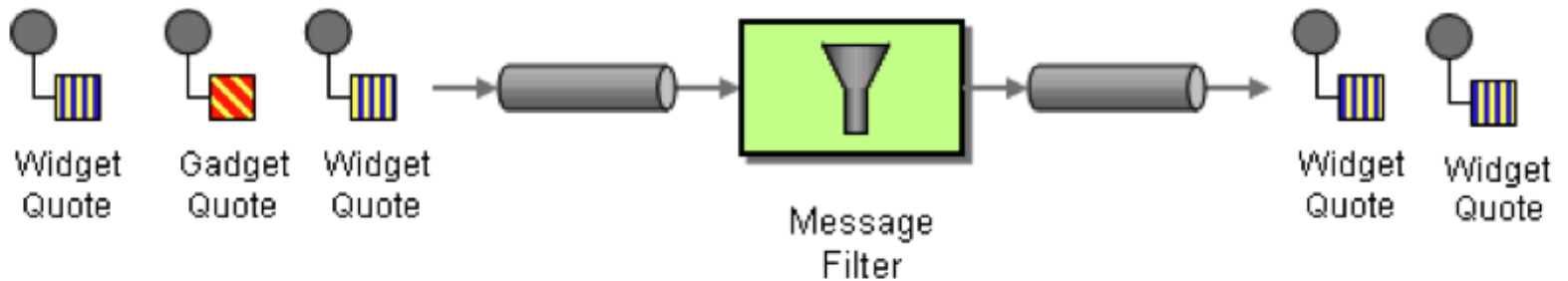


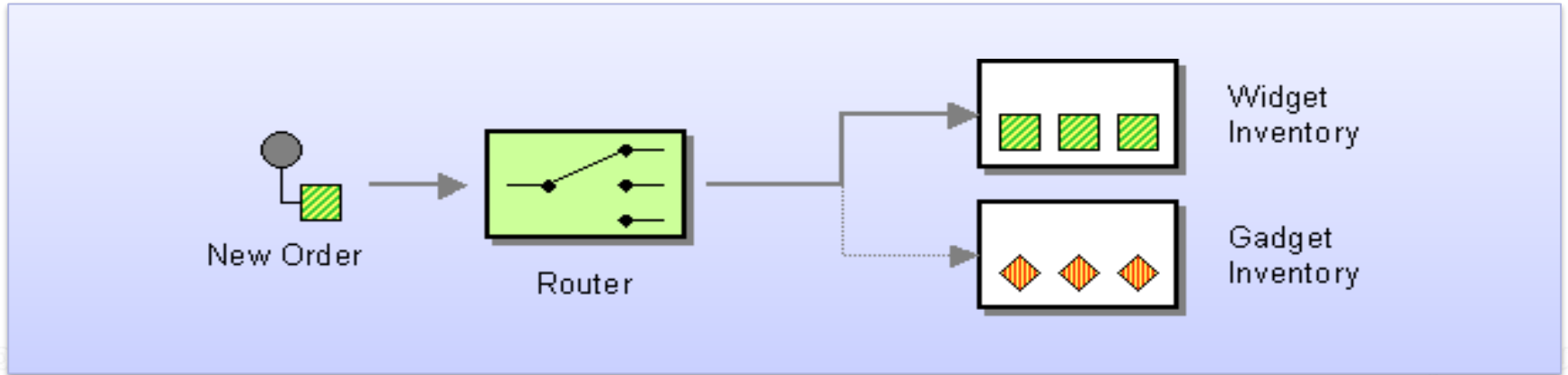
WebSphereMQ

from(A)

filter(message)

to(B)





```
Endpoint A = endpoint("activemq:queue:quote");  
Endpoint B = endpoint("mq:quote");  
Predicate isWidget = xpath("/quote/product = 'widget'");  
  
from(A).filter(isWidget).to(B);
```





```
import org.apache.camel.builder.RouteBuilder;

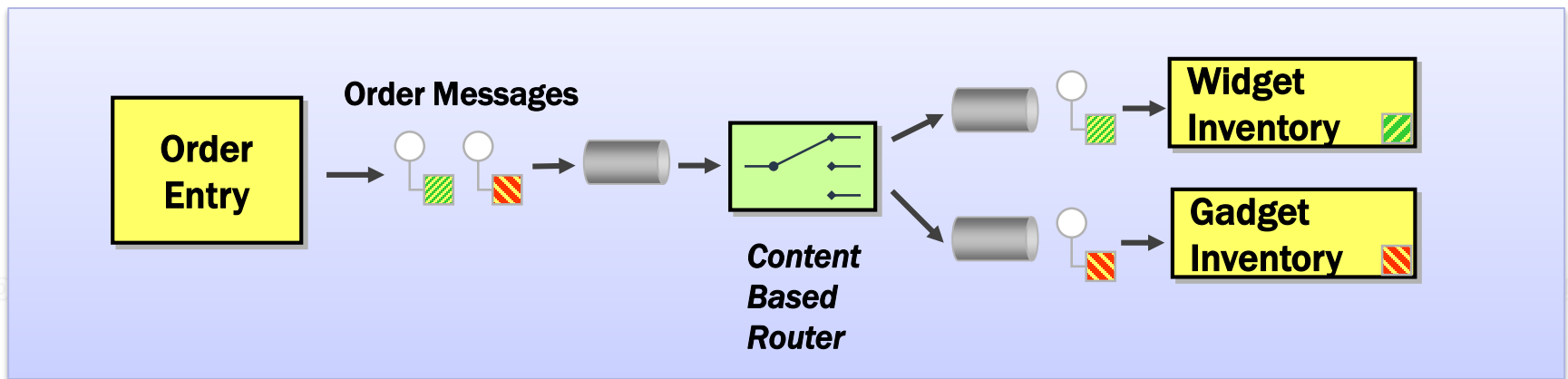
public class FilterRoute extends RouteBuilder {

    public void configure() throws Exception {
        Endpoint A = endpoint("activemq:queue:quote");
        Endpoint B = endpoint("mq:quote");
        Predicate isWidget = xpath("/quote/product = 'widget'");

        from(A).filter(isWidget).to(B);
    }
}
```

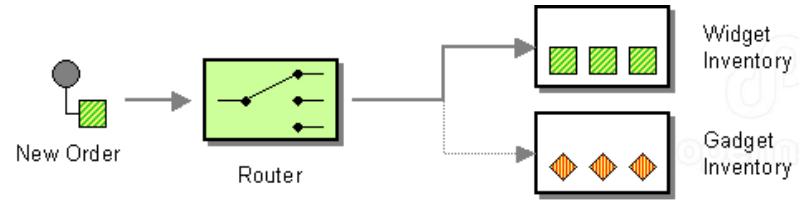


- Camel provides an embedded DSL (in Java & Spring) for implementing enterprise integration patterns
 - The DSL uses URIs to define endpoints which are combined by form integration flows



```
from("activemq:topic:Quotes")  
  .filter().xpath("/quote/product = 'widget'")  
    .to("mqseries:WidgetQuotes")  
  .filter().xpath("/quote/product = 'gadget'")  
    .to("mqseries:GadgetQuotes");
```

Enterprise Integration Pattern - Content Based Router



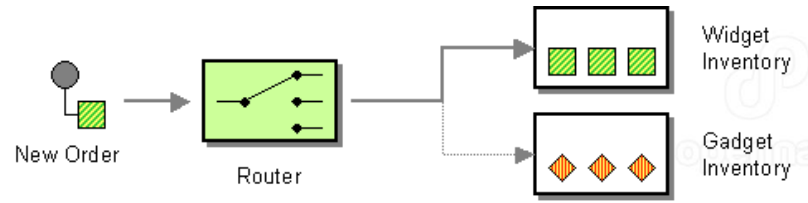
Content Based Router – XML DSL

```
<camelContext>
  <route>
    <from uri="activemq:NewOrders"/>
    <choice>
      <when>
        <xpath>/order/product = 'widget'</xpath>
        <to uri="activemq:Orders.Widgets"/>
      </when>
      <otherwise>
        <to uri="activemq:Orders.Gadgets"/>
      </otherwise>
    </choice>
  </route>
</camelContext>
```

Content Based Router – Java DSL

```
from("activemq:NewOrders")
.choice()
.when().xpath("/order/product = 'widget'")
.to("activemq:Orders.Widget")
.otherwise()
.to("activemq:Orders.Gadget");
```

Enterprise Integration Pattern - Content Based Router



Endpoints - File

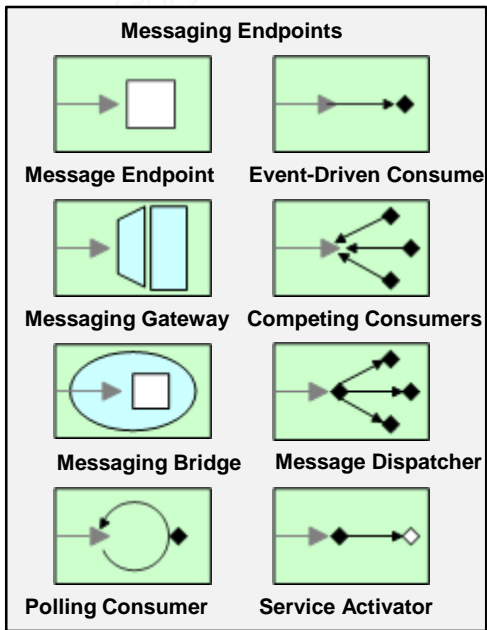
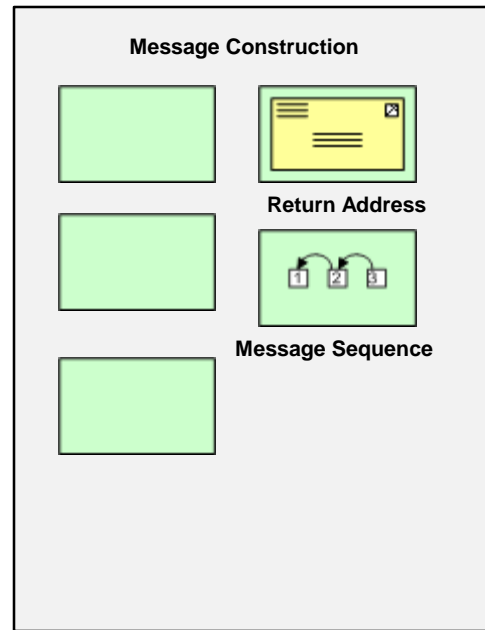
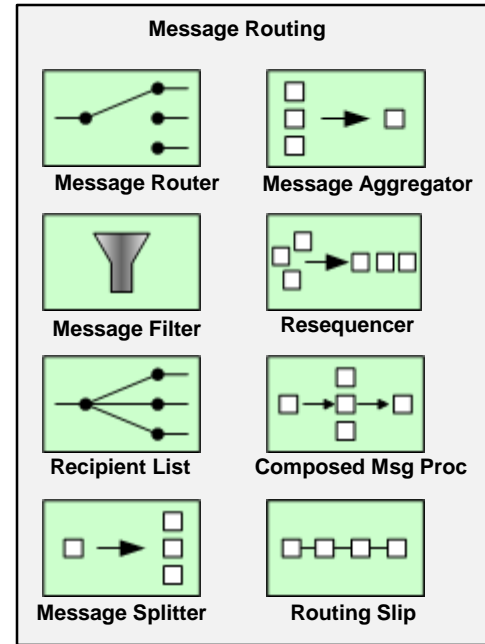
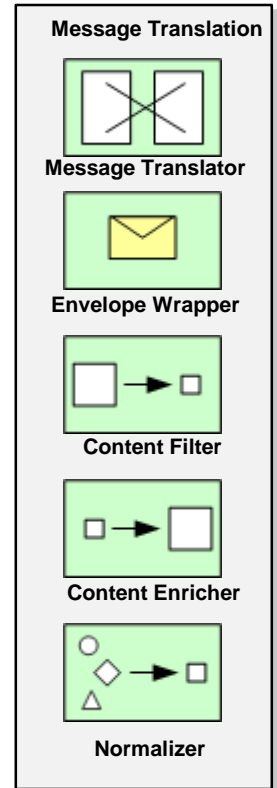
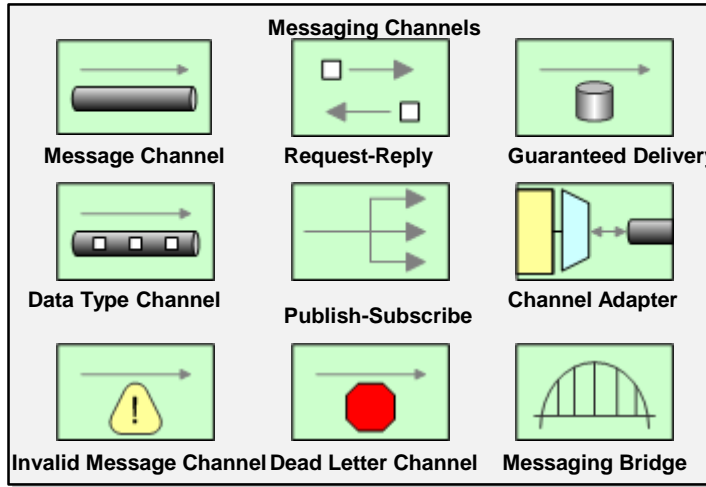
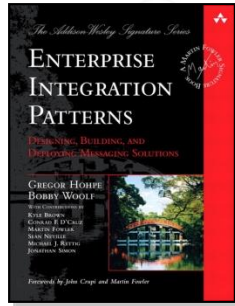
Use file instead

```
from("file:inbox/orders")  
.choice()  
.when().xpath("/order/product = 'widget'")  
.to("activemq:Orders.Widget")  
.otherwise()  
.to("activemq:Orders.Gadget");
```

Endpoints - parameters

parameters

```
from("file:inbox/orders?delete=true")  
.choice()  
.when().xpath("/order/product = 'widget'")  
.to("activemq:Orders.Widget")  
.otherwise()  
.to("activemq:Orders.Gadget");
```

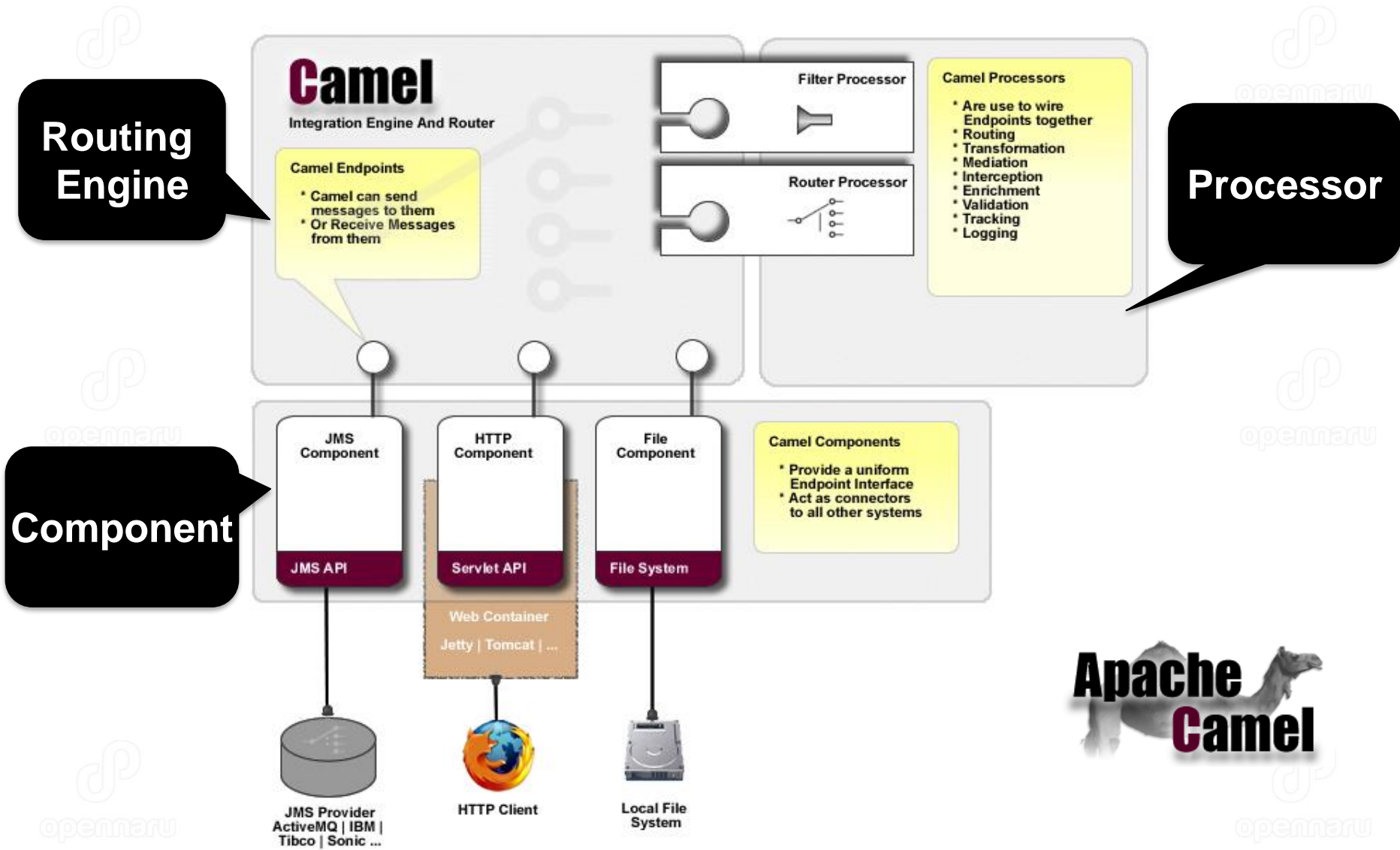


<http://camel.apache.org/enterprise-integration-patterns.html>

Application Performance Management

Camel Architecture

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- Over 120+ Components
- Camel includes the following Component implementations via URIs.

activemq	cxfrs	flatpack	jasypt
activemq-journal	cxfrs	freemarker	javaspace
amqp	dataset	ftp/ftps/sftp	jbi
atom	db4o	gae	jcr
bean	direct	hdfs	jdbc
bean validation	ejb	hibernate	jetty
browse	esper	hl7	jms
cache	event	http	jmx
cometd	exec	ibatis	jpa
crypto	file	irc	jt/400

- [SSH](#) component / camel-ssh
- [Twitter](#) / camel-twitter
- [iBatis](#) / camel-ibatis

```
ssh:[username[:password]@]host[:port][?options]
```

```
twitter://[endpoint]?[options]
```

```
ibatis://statementName
```

- <http://camel.apache.org/components.html>

• 컴포넌트는 URI로 지정

<URI형식>

schema명 : 필수 항목? [옵션]

컴포넌트를 식별할 수 있는 이름

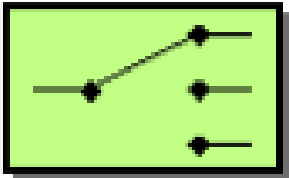
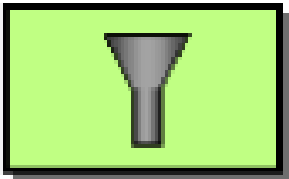
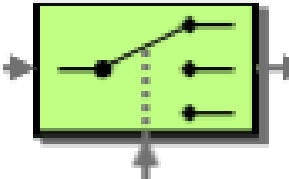
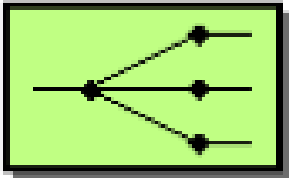
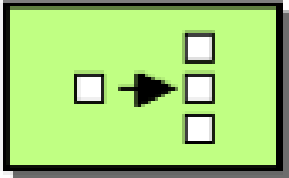
URI 필수 정보

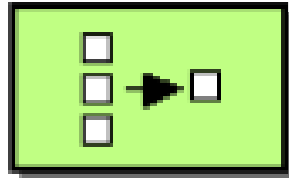
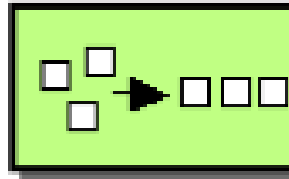
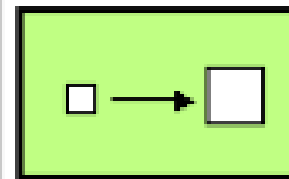
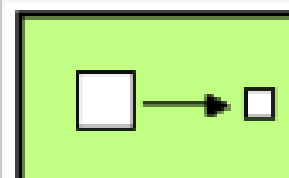
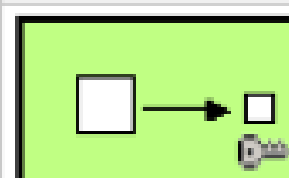
- URI 옵션 정보 (복수가능)
- 복수 기술하는 경우는 '&' 으로 연결

file:/tmp/abc?delay=5000

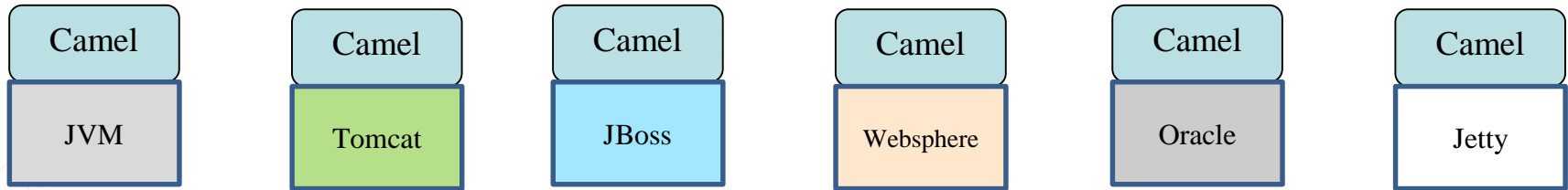
/tmp/abc 폴더를
5초 간격으로 폴링

컴포넌트	프로토콜	URI
CXF	웹서비스	cxf:address[serviceClass=...]
File	File	file:fileOrDirectoryName[options]
FTP/SFTP/FTPS	FTP/SFTP/FTPS	ftp://[username@]host[:port]/directoryname[options]
JDBC	JDBC	jdbc:dataSourceName[options]
Jetty	HTTP 서버	jetty:http://hostname[:port]/resourceUri[options]
JMS	JMS	jms:[queue:]topic:destinationName[options]
AWS-S3	AmazonSimple StorageService(S3)	aws-s3://bucketname[options]
GHttp	URLfetchservice (GoogleAppEngine)	ghttp://hostname[:port]/[path][options] ghttp:///path[options]
Log	-	log:loggingCategory[options]

	Content Based Router
	Message Filter
	Dynamic Router
	Recipient List
	Splitter

	Aggregator
	Resequencer
	Content Enricher
	Content Filter
	Claim Check

- Replaceable container
- Developer friendly DSL
- Productivity
- Built-in scalability primitives



Application Performance Management

감사합니다.

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g b w



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[a p m]

제품이나 서비스에 관한 문의

콜 센터 : 02-469-5426 (휴대폰 : 010-2243-3394)

전자 메일 : sales@opennaru.com